VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Oakland County, Michigan

AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Table of Contents

<u> </u>	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION Independent Auditor's Report	. 1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	. 3-10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	. 11
Statement of Activities	. 12-13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	. 14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	. 15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	. 16
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Fund	. 17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Fund	. 18
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	. 19
Notes to Financial Statements	20-30

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information:	
Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Trend Information	31
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	32
Statement of Revenues , Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Major Streets Fund	33
Statement of Revenues , Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Local Streets Fund	34

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Independent Auditor's Report
August 28, 2008

To the Village President and Council Village of Bingham Farms, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund of the Village of Bingham Farms, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Bingham Farms's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund of the Village of Bingham Farms as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Village President and Council Village of Bingham Farms, Michigan August 28, 2008

The management's discussion and analysis and the defined benefit pension plans-trend information, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on them.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Bingham Farms's basic financial statements. The accompanying required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The required supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully,

Post, Smythe, Lutz and Ziel of Plymouth LLP Certified Public Accountants

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Village of Bingham Farms, we offer readers of the Village of Bingham Farms financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Bingham Farms for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village of Bingham Farms exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,477,489 (net assets). Of this amount, \$2,307,964 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Village's total net assets increased by \$241,841.
- At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the Village of Bingham Farms' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,681,925. All of this total amount is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$2,075,188, or 133 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Bingham Farms's basic financial statements, which have three components:

- 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements
- 2) Fund Financial Statements
- 3) Notes to the Financial Statements.

Government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Bingham Farms' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village of Bingham Farms' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village of Bingham Farms is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village of Bingham Farms that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village of Bingham Farms include public safety, public works, recreation and culture, and general administrative services. The business-type activities of the Village of Bingham Farms include water and wastewater services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Bingham Farms, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village of Bingham Farms can be divided into three categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the

governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the major streets fund, and the local streets fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund.

The Village of Bingham Farms adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

Proprietary funds.

The Village of Bingham Farms maintains one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village of Bingham Farms uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and wastewater activities.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund which is considered to be a major fund of the Village of Bingham Farms. Oakland County Department of Public Works essentially provides all of the administration, maintenance activities, and financial processing of this fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20-30 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,477,489 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of the Village of Bingham Farms' net assets, 35 percent reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village of Bingham Farms uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Village of Bingham Farm's Net Assets

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-type Activitie		То	tal
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Current and other assets	\$ 2,745,437	\$ 2,556,466	\$ 211,247	\$ 138,520	\$ 2,956,684	\$ 2,694,986
Capital Assets	1,170,076	1,119,222	392,712	448,814	1,562,788	1,568,036
Total Assets	3,915,513	3,675,688	603,959	587,334	4,519,472	4,263,022
Long-term liabilities outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	41,983	27,374		-	41,983	27,374
Total Liabilities	41,983	27,374		-	41,983	27,374
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	1,170,076	1,119,222	392,712	448,814	1,562,788	1,568,036
Restricted	606,737	-	-	-	606,737	-
Unrestricted	2,096,717	2,529,092	211,247	138,520	2,307,964	2,667,612
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,873,530	\$ 3,648,314	\$ 603,959	\$ 587,334	\$ 4,477,489	\$ 4,235,648

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Bingham Farms is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Net assets increased by \$241,841 during the current fiscal year.

Governmental activities.

Governmental activities increased net assets by \$225,216, accounting for 93 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the Village of Bingham Farms.

Village of Bingham Farms - Change in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	То	tal
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 282,306	\$ 253,694	\$ 561,298	\$ 522,124	\$ 843,604	\$ 775,818
Operating Grants & Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Grants & Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	1,362,979	1,315,583	-	-	1,362,979	1,315,583
State Shared Revenues	131,891	133,210	-	-	131,891	133,210
Franchise Fees	11,257	13,301	-	-	11,257	13,301
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	131,061	120,433	23,667	23,499	154,728	143,932
Total Revenues	1,919,494	1,836,221	584,965	545,623	2,504,459	2,381,844
Expenses:						
General Government	360,933	458,868	-	-	360,933	458,868
Public Safety	946,937	857,402	-	-	946,937	857,402
Public Works	249,568	92,131	-	-	249,568	92,131
Community Development	10,705	4,599	-	-	10,705	4,599
Recreation and Cultural	126,135	117,197	-	-	126,135	117,197
Water and Sewer	-		568,340	558,747	568,340	558,747
Total Expenses	1,694,278	1,530,197	568,340	558,747	2,262,618	2,088,944
Change in Net Assets	\$ 225,216	\$ 306,024	\$ 16,625	\$ (13,124)	\$ 241,841	\$ 292,900

Key elements of this net asset increase (\$ rounded to thousands) are as follows:

- Increase in property tax revenue of \$47,000
- Increase in investment earnings of \$10,000

Decrease in net assets due to key increases in operating expenditures included:

Increase in public works expenses, due mostly to local road repaving projects

Business-type activities.

Business-type activities increased net assets by \$16,625, accounting for 7 percent of the total growth in net assets.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Bingham Farms uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds.

The focus of the Village of Bingham Farms' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,681,925, all of which constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Total governmental fund balances increased \$170,490 for the 2007-2008 fiscal year as compared to the 2006-2007 fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village of Bingham Farms. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the general fund was \$2,075,188, all of which is unreserved. General Fund fund balance represents 133 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Village's General Fund decreased by \$23,823 during the fiscal year. This was expected, inasmuch as the adopted budget contained an appropriation of prior years' surplus in order to balance.

Proprietary funds.

The Village of Bingham Farms' proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$211,247.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no differences between the original budget and the final amended budget total in revenues or expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets.

The Village of Bingham Farms' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities is \$1,562,788 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes equipment, roads, bridges, water supply sewage disposal system, and construction in progress. The total decrease in the Village of Bingham Farms' investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$5,248 mostly due to depreciation.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following road projects: Bingham Lane was completed in fiscal year 2008, and Hickory Hollow, Shagwood and Fromm were construction in progress as of June 30, 2008. Also, the Village purchased a copy machine in the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the Village of Bingham Farms's capital assets can be found in note III.B on page 27 of this report.

Long-term debt.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the Village issued no new debt and had no principal or interest payments.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The complete replacement of Village roads was begun several years ago. Proposed continuation of necessary road replacement program, includes completion of Hickory Hollow, Old Orchard Trail, Shagwood Drive, and Fromm. Also, the Village has begun a non-motorized pathway project to enhance the path that currently runs from Old Stage to the Bingham Farms Elementary School.

Major road repair expenses will include Hickory Hollow, Timber Trail, as well as some replacement plantings on the roadsides.

The millage rate for the 2008 tax roll was maintained at 6.80 mills.

State shared revenues are expected to remain flat based on estimates provided by the State. The fiscal year 2008-2009 budget reflects this.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Bingham Farms finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Ms. Karin Ludwick, Treasurer, Village of Bingham Farms, 24255 Thirteen Mile Road, Bingham Farms, Michigan 48025.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

		Primary Government				
		Governmental Activities	E	Business-type Activities	_	Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,700,341	\$		\$	2,700,341
·	φ	24,262	φ	-	φ	24,262
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		• -		-		• -
Due from Other Governmental Units		20,834		211,247		232,081
Capital Assets not being depreciated		189,419		-		189,419
Capital Assets being depreciated, net		980,657	_	392,712	_	1,373,369
Total Assets		3,915,513	_	603,959	_	4,519,472
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		37,143		-		37,143
Accrued Liabilities		4,840			_	4,840
Total Liabilities		41,983	_		_	41,983
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt		1,170,076		392,712		1,562,788
Restricted for Highways and Streets		606,737		-		606,737
Unrestricted		2,096,717		211,247		2,307,964
Total Net Assets	\$	3,873,530	\$	603,959	\$	4,477,489

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Program Revenues							
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
<u>Functions/Programs</u>					_			
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	360,933	\$	9,879	\$	-	\$	-
Public Safety		946,937		9,049		-		-
Public Works		249,568		263,378		-		-
Community Development		10,705		-		-		-
Recreation and Cultural	_	126,135	_	_	_	-	_	-
Total Governmental Activities	_	1,694,278	_	282,306	=	-	-	
Business-type Activities:								
Water and Sewer	_	568,340	-	561,298	-		-	-
Total Primary Government	\$_	2,262,618	\$_	843,604	\$	_	\$_	<u>-</u>

General Revenues:
Property Taxes
State Shared Revenue
Franchise Fees
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

-	Governmental Activities	=	Business-type Activities		Total
\$	(351,054) (937,888) 13,810 (10,705) (126,135)	\$	- - - -	\$	(351,054) (937,888) 13,810 (10,705) (126,135)
-	(1,411,972)	-		•	(1,411,972)
-		-	(7,042)	-	(7,042)
	(1,411,972)		(7,042)		(1,419,014)
-		_		•	
	1,362,979		-		1,362,979
	131,891		-		131,891
	11,257		_		11,257
-	131,061	_	23,667		154,728
-	1,637,188	-	23,667	-	1,660,855
	225,216		16,625		241,841
	3,648,314		587,334		4,235,648
\$	3,873,530	\$	603,959	\$	4,477,489

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

ACCETC		General		Major Streets	-	Local Streets		Total Governmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of allowance	\$	2,246,143	\$	218,609	\$	235,589	\$	2,700,341
for uncollectibles)		21,529		-		-		21,529
Special Assessment Receivable		2,733		- (22.4		2.250		2,733
Due from State Due from Other Funds		11,148		6,334		3,352 150,000		20,834 150,000
Doe nom oner ronds	_		-			130,000		130,000
Total Assets	\$_	2,281,553	\$	224,943	\$	388,941	\$	2,895,437
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	29,996	\$	3,109	\$	4,038	\$	37,143
Accrued and Other Liabilities		4,840		-		-		4,840
Due to Other Funds		150,000		-		-		150,000
Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	_	21,529 206,365	-	3,109		4,038		21,529 213,512
Total Elabilities	_	200,303	-	3,107	•	4,030		210,512
Fund Balances:								
Unreserved, reported in:								
General Fund		2,075,188		-		-		2,075,188
Special Revenue Funds Total Fund Balance	_	- 0.075.100	-	221,834		384,903		606,737
Total Funa Balance	_	2,075,188		221,834		384,903		2,681,925
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	2,281,553	\$	224,943	\$	388,941	:	
Amounts reported for governmental of are different because: Capital Assets used in governmental of therefore, are not reported in the funcapital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation Because the focus of governmental for will not be available to pay for currently deferred revenue. Deferred Revenue	activiti nds: funds is	es are not find on short-term	anci	al resources a	nd, asse			1,889,520 (719,444) 21,529
Net Assets of Governmental Activities							\$	3,873,530

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General	Major Streets	Local Streets	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes \$	1,359,107	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,359,107
Intergovernmental-State	72,767	38,667	20,457	131,891
Charges for Services	12,604	-	-	12,604
Fines and Forfeitures	9,049	-	-	9,049
Franchise Fees	11,257	-	-	11,257
Special Assessments	260,653	-	-	260,653
Interest	115,651	9,246	6,164	131,061
Total Revenues	1,841,088	47,913	26,621	1,915,622
Expenditures Current:				
General Government	355,065	_	-	355,065
Public Safety	946,937	-	-	946,937
Public Works	113,413	28,058	19,948	161,419
Community Development	10,705		-	10,705
Recreation and Cultural	126,135	_	_	126,135
Other Functions	12,656	_	_	12,656
Capital Outlay	-	_	132,215	132,215
Total Expenditures	1,564,911	28,058	152,163	1,745,132
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	276,177	19,855	(125,542)	170,490
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	-	-	300,000	300,000
Transfers Out	(300,000)			(300,000)
Total Other Financing	(222.222)			
Sources (Uses)	(300,000)		300,000	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(23,823)	19,855	174,458	170,490
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,099,011	201,979	210,445	2,511,435
Fund Balance - Ending \$	2,075,188	\$221,834	\$ 384,903	\$2,681,925

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	170,490
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Add: Capital Outlay-General Fund Add: Capital Outlay-Local Street Fund Deduct: Depreciation Expense		6,788 132,215 (88,149)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.		
Add: Net Difference of Deferred Revenue	-	3,872
Change in net assets in governmental activities	\$_	225,216

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2008

	-	Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer
ASSETS Current Assets:	<u>-</u>	011.047
Due from Other Governments Noncurrent Assets:	\$_	211,247
Capital Assets		2,244,069
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,851,357)
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	392,712
Total Assets	-	603,959
NET ASSETS		
Investment in Capital Assets		392,712
Unrestricted	-	211,247
Total Net Assets	\$	603,959

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services \$	561,298
Operating Expenses:	
Water Supply	242,509
Sewage Disposal System	256,926
Depreciation Expense	56,102
Total Operating Expenses	555,537
Operating Income (Loss)	5,761
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Interest Income	23,667
Interest Expense	(1,137)
Other	(11,666)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	10,864
Net Income (Loss)	16,625
Net Assets, Beginning	587,334
Net Assets, Ending \$	603,959

VILLAGE OF BINGHAM FARMS Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Enterprise Fund
	<u>-</u>	Water & Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	
Receipts from customers and users	\$	514,251
Payments to Suppliers	_	(499,435)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	-	14,816
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Transfer to Oakland County Operation Reserves		(7,339)
Transfer to Oakland County Special Reserves		(375)
Investment Income		23,667
Interest Payments	_	(1,137)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	_	14,816
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ <u>_</u>	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	5,761
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		56,102
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	_	(47,047)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	14,816

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Village of Bingham Farms, Michigan, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and six trustees. There are no component units to be included in these financial statements as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds, Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

Governmental Funds

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Street Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the activities, maintenance and capital improvements of the Village's major streets.

The Local Street Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the activities, maintenance and capital improvements of the Village's local streets.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Proprietary funds include the enterprise fund types.

Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Village Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. The Village has one enterprise fund which is the Water and Sewer Fund.

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's water distribution, water treatment, sewage disposal and sewage treatment systems. The Village has entered into contracts with the Oakland County Department of Public Works for the operation and maintenance of water and sewage disposal systems within the Village limits. Under the terms of these contracts, the Oakland County Department of Public Works is responsible for system maintenance as well as meter readings, billings to customers and collections. Under Michigan Committee on Governmental Accounting and Auditing Statement 10 (MCGAA), the local unit's Enterprise Fund would record the operations of the system. The Village has recorded the information provided by Oakland County through June 30, 2008, as adjusted for depreciation, in the Village's Water and Sewer Fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the Village to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper of certain investment grades, and deposits of Michigan commercial banks. Investments are recorded at fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables, of \$40,582 are shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts \$19,053, for a net receivable balance of \$21,529 at June 30, 2008.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of capitalized value of the assets constructed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity – Continued

3. Capital Assets

The Village defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and \$50,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Public Domain Infrastructure	10-20
Water and Sewer Infrastructure	10-40
Office Equipment	7

4. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in those funds.

5. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Village is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of the State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (Uniform Budgeting Act). The following is a summary of the requirements of this act:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- 2. Budgets must be balanced.
- 3. Budgets must be amended as necessary.
- 4. Public hearings must be held prior to adoption.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures must be authorized by a budget appropriation prior to being incurred.

The Village Council requires the Village Treasurer to submit an estimate of revenues and anticipated expenditures for the succeeding fiscal year in May. The Village Treasurer is then authorized to assign and transfer budget amounts within each fund to the extent that the net total fund appropriation (which the Village defines as gross authorized expenditures less related revenues that are specifically designated to fund those activities) is not exceeded. Village Council approval is required for any budgetary changes that result in an increase to net appropriations.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control during the year. Supplemental appropriations were approved by the Village Council in the form of budget amendment resolutions, the total of which was not significant in relation to the original budget appropriation valuations. A comparison of actual results of operations to the general fund and special revenue fund budgets as adopted and amended by the Village Council is included in the basic financial statements.

B. Compliance with P.A. 621 of 1978

1. Deficit Fund Balance

None of the funds have a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2008.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgetary Funds

Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted at the activity level. Expenditures exceeded budgetary appropriations for the following activities as of June 30, 2008.

	Final		
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund:			
Legislative	\$ 866	\$ 1,238	\$ 372
Engineering	13,000	16,212	3,212
Traffic and Street Lights	750	3,271	2,521

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Under State law, the Village is permitted to invest in deposits with Michigan commercial banks, savings and loans and credit unions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and corporate bonds and commercial paper with certain investment grades.

The following information, as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement number 40 is presented, regarding the Village's deposits and investments:

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be recovered. Neither State law nor the Village's investment policy requires consideration of custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2008, the Village's book balance of its deposits was \$2,700,136; the total book balance was \$2,700,341, due to \$205 in cash on hand. The bank balance was \$2,841,411 which was exposed to custodial credit risk, as follows:

Rank

	DOLK
	<u>Balance</u>
Insured by F.D.I.C.	\$1,582,797
Uninsured and Uncollateralized	<u>1,258,614</u>
Total	<u>\$2,841,411</u>

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Village has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Interest Rate Risk. The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Villages deposits and investments consisted of the following:

Deposits and Investments	<u>Fair Value</u>	Weighted Average Maturity
Savings and Checking Accounts Money Market Accounts (Share price=\$1) Pooled Investments(Share price=\$1) Certificates of Deposits-One year or Less Certificates of Deposits-More than one year	\$ 827,482 110,641 219,209 1,288,060 396,019	Demand Demand Demand 360 days 1,035 days
	<u>\$ 2,841,411</u>	

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Village's investment policy places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

		Beginning		A -l -l:1:	Dalatiana	Ending
Governmental Activities:	-	Balance	_	Additions	 Deletions	Balance
Capital Assets, not depreciated:						
Construction in Progress	\$_	365,114	\$_	132,215	\$ (307,910) \$	189,419
Capital Assets, being depreciated:						
		, 507		, 700	(, 507)	. 700
Office Equipment		6,527		6,788	(6,527)	6,788
Infrastructure-Roads		1,283,111		307,910	-	1,591,021
Infrastructure-Bridges		102,292	_	-	 <u>-</u> _	102,292
		1,391,930		314,698	(6,527)	1,700,101
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:			_		_	
Office Equipment		(6,527)		-	6,527	-
Infrastructure-Roads		(529,003)		(88,149)	-	(617,152)
Infrastructure-Bridges	_	(102,292)	_	-		(102,292)
		(637,822)	_	(88,149)	6,527	(719,444)
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, net	\$	1,119,222	\$	358,764	\$ (307,910) \$	1,170,076

Depreciation expense was charged on the Statement of Activities as follows:

Public Works	\$	88,149						
Business-type Activities:	_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions		Deletions	_	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Water and Sewer System	\$	2,244,069	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,244,069
Less: Accumulated Depreciation: Water and Sewer System	-	(1,795,255)	-	(56,102)	•			(1,851,357)
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	448,814	\$	(56,102)	\$	-	\$_	392,712

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2008, is as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Local Streets Fund	General Fund	<u>\$150,000</u>
<u>Transfer In</u>	<u>Transfer Out</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Local Streets Fund	General Fund	\$300,000

Interfund receivable represents funds transferred after the fiscal year end.

The interfund transfer represents a contribution by the General Fund to the Local Streets Fund for street improvement projects.

D. Reserved Fund Balance

A detailed description of fund balance reservations and designations (for all governmental fund types) at June 30, 2008, is presented below:

	General Fund	Major Streets	Local Streets
Unreserved:			
Designated for			
Subsequent Year's			
Expenditures	\$ 349,786	\$ 22,978	\$ -
Undesignated	1,725,402	198,856	384,903
Total Fund Balance	\$ 2,075,188	\$ 221,834	\$ 384,903

E. Property Taxes

Property tax assessments are determined as of each December 31, the lien date. Taxes are levied on July 1 of the following year. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest if paid in full by August 31. As of March 1 of the succeeding year, unpaid real property taxes are sold to and collected by Oakland County.

The Village is permitted by State law to levy taxes up to \$20 per \$1,000 of equalized valuation for general governmental services. The Village's general operating tax rate for the 2007 tax roll was 6.80 mills with an additional 2.7388 mills for the police special assessment district, and 0.2881 mills for the Woodlynne Pump special assessment district.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

- A. Employee Retirement Systems and Plans
 - 1. Municipal Employees Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan
 - a. Plan Description

The Village contributes to the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MMERS), which is an agent multiple employer retirement system that covers substantially all full time employees of the Village. The system provides the following provisions: normal retirement, deferred retirement, service retirement allowance, disability retirement allowance, nonduty-connected death and postretirement adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplied by a certain percentage based on the benefit program in effect as of the date of termination of membership times the final average compensation (FAC). The most recent period for which actuarial data was available was for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2007.

MERS was organized pursuant to Section 12a of Act #156, Public Acts of the State of Michigan (MSA 5.333(a); MCLA 46.12(a)). MERS is regulated under Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, sections of which have been approved by the State Pension Council. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the System at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

b. Funding Policy

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the Village's personnel policy. The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate was a percentage of annual compensation at December 31, 2005 as follows:

General-Admin. 7.67%

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

- A. Employee Retirement Systems and Plans Continued
 - 1. Municipal Employees Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan Continued

c. Annual Pension Cost

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the Village's contributions totaling \$11,071 were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of December 31, 2005. The employer contribution rate has been determined based on the entry age normal cost funding method. Under the entry age normal cost funding method, the total employer contribution is comprised of the normal cost plus the level annual percentage of payroll payment required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 30 years. The employer normal cost is, for each employee, the level percentage of payroll contribution (from entry age to retirement) required to accumulate sufficient assets at the member's retirement to pay for his projected benefit. Significant actuarial assumptions used include a long-term investment yield rate of 8% and annual salary increases of 4.5% based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases.

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Fiscal Year	Valuation	Annual	Percentage	Net
Ended	Date	Pension	of APC	Pension
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Dec. 31</u>	Cost (APC)	<u>Contributed</u>	Obligation
2006	2003	\$44,899	100%	\$-0-
2007	2004	13,034	100%	-0-
2008	2005	11,071	100%	-0-

B. Risk Management

The Village of Bingham Farms is a member of the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool for its general liability insurance coverage and a member of the Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund for its workers compensation coverage. The Village pays annual premiums to the pools. The pools are self-sustaining through member premiums, and each carries reinsurance through commercial companies for claims in excess of the pool loss reserve fund.

In the event that a single loss should exceed the amount of protection afforded by the pool loss reserve fund, reinsurance, or other insurance carried by the pools, or in the event that a series of losses should deplete or exhaust the loss reserve fund and reinsurance, the payment of valid losses shall be the obligation of the individual member or members of the respective pool against whom the claim was made.

No such event has occurred with the Village of Bingham Farms and the pools to which it belongs in any of the past three fiscal years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information – (Unaudited) Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Trend Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Required Supplementary Information for GASB 27

<u>Schedule of Funding Progress</u>

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Underfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percent of <u>Covered Payroll</u>
12/31/05	\$ 48,287	\$ 88,243	\$39,956	55%	\$140,964	28%
12/31/06	64,784	114,910	50,126	56	152,880	33
12/31/07	82,195	135,499	53,304	61	155,173	34

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of December 31, 2007 the latest actual valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost Amortization method Level percent Remaining amortization period 30 years Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return 8% Projected salary increases Includes inflation at 4.5% 4.5 - 12.9% Cost of living adjustments None

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with	
	_	Original		Final		Actual		nal Budget
Revenues:								
Property Taxes	\$	1,306,429	\$	1,306,429	\$	1,359,107	\$	52,678
Intergovernmental - State		72,846		72,846		72,767		(79)
Charges for Services		11,854		11,854		12,604		750
Court Fines		9,000		9,000		9,049		49
Franchise Fees		12,000		12,000		11,257		(743)
Special Assessments		269,725		269,725		260,653		(9,072)
Interest Earnings		66,616		66,616		115,651		49,035
Total Revenues	_	1,748,470		1,748,470	_	1,841,088		92,618
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Legislative		866		866		1,238		(372)
Administrative		306,597		306,597		287,907		18,690
Elections		2,620		2,620		1,242		1,378
Attorney		35,000		35,000		25,245		9,755
Rent and Utilities		45,000		45,000		39,433		5,567
Total General Government	_	390,083	_	390,083	_	355,065		35,018
Public Safety:								
Police Protection		673,165		683,165		679,902		3,263
Fire Protection		267,035		267,035		267,035		-
Total Public Safety	_	940,200	_	950,200		946,937		3,263
Public Works:								
Engineering		13,000		13,000		16,212		(3,212)
Rubbish Collection		102,916		102,916		91,197		11,719
Pump Maintenance		2,932		2,932		2,733		199
Traffic and Street Lights		750		750		3,271		(2,521)
Total Public Works	_	119,598	_	119,598	_	113,413		6,185
Planning and Zoning		12,257	_	12,257	_	10,705		1,552
Library		140,636		130,636		126,135		4,501
Other Functions:								
Insurance and Bonds		15,696		15,696		12,656		3,040
Other		30,000		30,000		-		30,000
Total Other Functions	_	45,696		45,696	_	12,656		33,040
Total Expenditures		1,648,470		1,648,470		1,564,911		83,559
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		100,000		100,000		276,177		176,177
Other Financina Hear								
Other Financing Uses: Operating Transfers Out		(300,000)		(200,000)		(200,000)		
Operating transfers Out	_	(300,000)		(300,000)		(300,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(200,000)		(200,000)		(23,823)		176,177
Fund Balance - July 1	_	2,099,011		2,099,011		2,099,011		
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	1,899,011	\$	1,899,011	\$	2,075,188	\$	176,177

Major Streets Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
	<u> </u>	Original		Final		Actual	_	Final Budget	
Revenues:		_					_	_	
Intergovernmental-State	\$	38,697	\$	38,697	\$	38,667	\$	(30)	
Interest Income		800		800		9,246	_	8,446	
Total Revenues		39,497	_	39,497		47,913	-	8,416	
Expenditures:									
Professional Services		2,500		2,500		2,519		(19)	
Routine Maintenance		49,732		49,732		8,750		40,982	
Winter Maintenance		15,750	_	15,750		16,789	_	(1,039)	
Total Expenditures	_	67,982	_	67,982	_	28,058		39,924	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(28,485)		(28,485)		19,855		48,340	
Fund Balance, July 1	_	201,979	-	201,979	_	201,979	-		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	173,494	\$_	173,494	\$_	221,834	\$	48,340	

Local Streets Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental-State	\$	20,489	\$	20,489	\$	20,457	\$	(32)
Interest Income		516		516		6,164		5,648
Total Revenues	_	21,005	_	21,005	_	26,621		5,616
Expenditures:								
Construction		300,000		300,000		132,215		167,785
Routine Maintenance		28,985		28,985		8,755		20,230
Winter Maintenance		10,000		10,000		11,193		(1,193)
Total Expenditures		338,985	_	338,985	_	152,163	_	186,822
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(317,980)	_	(317,980)	_	(125,542)		192,438
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		300,000	_	300,000	_	300,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,980)		(17,980)		174,458		192,438
Fund Balance, July 1	_	210,445		210,445	_	210,445	_	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	192,465	\$_	192,465	\$	384,903	\$	192,438

POST, SMYTHE, LUTZ and ZIEL

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{ of Plymouth LLP} \\ Certified \ Public \ Accountants \end{array}$

PLYMOUTH

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BLOOMFIELD HILLS

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October 20, 2008

Village President and Council Village of Bingham Farms Oakland County, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Bingham Farms as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies and/or material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control:

Due to the limited size of the administrative staff, segregation of duties is limited.

Also, as the accounting standards have grown increasingly complex, we do assist the Village with year end journal entries, and preparation of the financial statements.

Village President and Council Village of Bingham Farms October 20, 2008 Page 2

Other Accounting Recommendations

The following are administrative items for Council's consideration:

The Village should consider a third-party payroll provider to process the payroll. The current payroll tax laws have grown increasingly complex, and a third-party provider would ensure that the payroll liabilities and reporting requirements are met.

Also, the Village currently utilizes an accounting software package where the accounting data can be easily altered and prone to errors. We recommend that the Village consider replacing the current software with an updated software package, which would create a general ledger and possibly even integrate the property tax functions. A general ledger package would allow all of the Village's funds to be recorded within one file, generate financial reports in an efficient manner, and create better internal controls.

Although the population of the Village allows the Village to file an audit biannually, we feel that the Village should consider an annual audit. Based on your accounting software and the limited size of the staff, it would be prudent for the Council to consider an annual audit.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Village President and Council of the Village of Bingham Farms and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Post, Smythe, Lutz and Ziel of Plymouth LLP

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Certified Public Accountants